### A Celebration Honoring

# Alaska's Indigenous Literature



February 10, 2004
Howard Rock Ballroom C
Sheraton Hotel
Anchorage, Alaska

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6-9 PM

#### **Opening Prayer**

# **Introduction of HAIL Executive Board and Working Committee:**

**Andy Hope** 

#### **Co-Masters of Ceremony:**

Teri Schneider Linda Green

#### **Introduction and Presentations**

Sidney Huntington, Athabascan by Linda Green

Loretta Outwater Cox, Inupiaq by Bernadette Alvanna-Stimpfle

John Pestrikoff and the late Julia Pestrikoff, Alutiiq Elders by Teri Schneider

Nora Marks Dauenhauer, Tlingit by Andy Hope

Mike Andrews Sr., Yup'ik by Joanna Wassillie

#### **Posthumous Award Presentations**

Belle Deacon, Deg Hit'an by Malinda Chase Rober Nasruk Cleveland, Inupiaq by Ruth Sampson

# The 2004 Honoring Alaska's Indigenous Literature Awards

ndigenous educators from across the state of Alaska have had numerous opportunities to meet cross-regionally and share issues and concerns of importance to them in their roles as educators. They first met as students of the Alaska Rural Teacher Training Corps (ARTTC) program and then as students of the Cross-Cultural Education Development (X-CED) program. With the formation of regional Native educator associations in the early 1990s to the present and the help of the Alaska Rural Systemic Initiative, they continue to meet within their regional associations and in statewide Native educators conferences. As indigenous educators they have paved new trails in curriculum development, Academy of Elders camps and many other initiatives.

A concern in the area of literature in reference to indigenous peoples led to the formation of a working committee made up of representatives from each of the regional indigenous educator associations which led to the development of the *Guidelines for Respecting Cultural Knowledge*. These guidelines address issues of concern in the documentation, representation and utilization of traditional cultural knowledge as they relate to the role of various participants, including Elders, authors, curriculum developers, classroom teachers, publishers and researchers.

Along with the guidelines are a set of recommendations, one of which called for establishing a prestigious award to honor indigenous Elders, authors, illustrators and others who make significant contributions to the documentation and representation of Native cultural knowledge and traditions.

The 2001 Celebration of Alaska Native Literature was the first to recognize those who have made an impact in our lives as indigenous peoples through their work in indigenous literature. We hope this was the first of many celebrations of recognizing our people in the area of literature as we choose to define literature, with an indigenous perspective.

The 2001 awards program was organized by a group called the Alaska Indigenous Literary Review Board per the above-mentioned guidelines. In the spring of 2001, the group changed its name to Honoring Alaska's Indigenous Literature, or HAIL. Members of the HAIL working committee are listed on the back of this program.

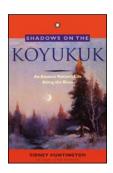
## 2004 Award Winners

#### **Sidney Huntington**

Publication: Shadows of the Koyoukuk

Published by Alaska Northwest Books,

6th printing 2000



Born in 1915 Sidney Huntington is a famous, respected Athabascan Elder from Interior Alaska. He is currently residing in Galena. He has been a trapper, fisherman, goldminer and carpenter, but perhaps most important, a storyteller and master of indigenous knowledge in his policymaking career. He has served on school boards, the Board of Game and numerous other committees on the local and state level.

As stated in the preface of his book:

His life story is a fascinating slice of Alaskan history. Sidney grew up in a subarctic wildland of birch-bark canoes, dog teams, trappers, goldminers and Koyukon Indians. He continues to live in essentially the same culture, now modernized with snow machines, bush planes and satellite TV. His is a product of the land, who thoroughly knows his regions, the animals and the people who live there. The memories he shares in this book bring alive a way of life that is gone forever, for as a teenager and a young man he live primarily off the land; his interest in traditional Koyukon tales provides an intriguing peek into Koyukon Indian prehistory.

Sidney has an honorary doctorate from the University of Alaska and is self educated in traditional knowledge and global issues.

#### Loretta Outwater Cox

Publication: Winter Walk

Published by: Graphic Arts Center Publishing

Co., 2003.

Loretta Outwater Cox is an Inupiaq Eskimo woman born in Nome, Alaska and raised in various villages around the Seward



Peninsula in Northwest Alaska. She holds a bachelor's degree in Education and a master's degree in Educational Administration. Loretta taught elementary school in Western Alaska for twenty-three years. She and her husband, Skip, currently live in Fairbanks, Alaska. They have four children and five grandchildren.

#### John Peter Pestrikoff and Julia Pestrikoff

John Peter Pestrikoff was born August 28, 1914 in the village of Ouzinkie to Peter Pestrikoff and Khristina Cheriknov. John is 93 years old and lives at the Senior Center in





Kodiak. John helped indentify Afognak Island Sugpiaq place names for a mapping project with Jeff Leer of UAF and the Native Village of Afognak. John told his niece by marriage, Helen Simeonoff, about "little people" at Little Afognak that would sneak up on *barabaras-ciqlluaq* and look down the smoke hole.

John, along with his wife Julia, were the primary contributors of oral history to the Red Cedar of Afognak childrens' book about driftwood, yet unpublished. The story features them as the main characters from their story of the tidal wave. They had one son, Fredrick, and have three grandchildren living in Port Lions and the state of Washington.

## 2004 Award Winners, con't.

#### Nora Marks Dauenhauer



Nora Marks Dauenhauer was born 1927 in Juneau, Alaska and was raised in Juneau and Hoonah, as well as on the family fishing boat and in seasonal subsistence sites around Icy Straits, Glacier Bay and Cape Spencer. Her first language is Tlingit. She began to learn English when entering school at the age of eight. She has a B.A. in Anthropology

(Alaska Methodist University 1976) and is internationally recognized for her fieldwork, transcription, translation and explication of Tlingit oral literature.

Nora's creative writing has been widely published and anthologized. Her Raven plays have been performed in several venues internationally, including the Kennedy Center in Washington, D.C. In 1980 she was named Humanist of the Year by the Alaska Humanities Forum. In 1989 she received an Alaska Governor's Award for the Arts and in 1991 she was a winner of the Before Columbus Foundation's American Book Award. From 1983 to 1997 she was Principal Researcher in Language and Cultural Studies at Sealaska Heritage Foundation in Juneau.

Nora is married to Richard Dauenhauer, writer and former poet laureate of Alaska, with whom she has co-authored and co-edited several editions of Tlingit language and folklore material. She has served on the Southeast Alaska Tribal College Elders Council since 1996. She has four children, thirteen grandchildren, and five great grandchildren.

#### Mike Andrews, Sr.

Mike Andrews, Sr. was born at the old village site of Amigtuli along the Black River near Kusilvak Mountain. He was raised at Amigtuli until he was about eleven years old, after which he was taken away by a priest for his formal education. He attended school at the Akulurak Mission, one of the first boarding schools in the state and run by the Catholic Church.



While growing up, Mike helped his parents by packing water and chopping firewood. He learned how to do things by observing people and then later trying them on his own. In this way, he learned how to make traditional tools, like fish traps made out of driftwood. He also made his own sled and started his own dog team. As an adult, he made his own *qayaq*, and began trapping for different kinds of furs such as mink, otter and muskrat.

At a recent community meeting held to discuss the new LYSD cultural curriculum, Mike shared his belief that the Yup'ik language must be spoken and understood by the younger people. He also shared his experiences with the Yup'ik Language Institute and how he is pleased with the efforts made to preserve the language in the region. He likes being involved with the program and sharing his knowledge with the younger generations.

Today, "Upa" Andrews is very busy, being an elder-mentor to several Yup'ik teachers from the region and sharing his cultural wisdom as much as he can. He can often be found in the school at Emmonak, showing the students how to make fish traps or drumming and teaching them how to *yuraq* (dance). We are very lucky to have him in our lives and he is an inspiration to us all. *Quyana*, *Upa!* 

### Posthumous Awards

#### **Belle Deacon**

As a child, Belle was favored by her grandmother and was taught how to live a good and long life, never to swear, and always be kind and help old people. Marcia foretold that Belle would outlive the rest of her family, so it was to Belle that she passed on the traditional skills and knowledge she possessed. By watching Marcia work, and then by trying it herself, Belle learned the craftsmanship which has made her well-known in Alaska for her birchbark baskets.

Engithidong Xugixudhoy: Their Stories of Long Ago documents nine Deg Hit'an traditional stories by the late Belle Deacon of Grayling. Belle Deacon was a renowned storyteller, fluent in both English and Deg Xinag. She was a cultural expert in subsistence ways of the Deg Hit'an people and also known for her expertise in making beautiful birch bark and willow root baskets. From the late 1970s through the 1980s, Belle was invited to tell stories and demonstrate her basket-making skills to groups of people all over Alaska. This publication is an invaluble educational and language learning resource.

#### Robert Nasruk Cleveland

Robert Nasruk Cleveland, father of Minnie Gray, shared many stories and legends on reel-to-reel tapes to preserve valuable information on Iñupiaq language, history and heritage. He was recorded by the late Don Foote and by Wanni Anderson in Folktakes of the Riverine and Coastal Iñupiat.

Robert is one of three Kobuk Cleveland brothers. Born toward the end of the 1800s, Robert Cleveland, as a young boy, had personally participated in the historic Sisualik trading meets where Inupiaq from coastal and riverine settlements met each spring to trade. A skilled subsistence Inupiaq and a prolific storyteller, Robert spent a great deal of his growing-up years in a *qargi* where he acquired his Iñupiaq skill and stories from the Elders.

Robert lived most of his life around the Black River and moved to live in Shungnak after the village was established. Robert was married to Flora Sanmigana (Cooper) Cleveland from Qala and had thirteen children. The four surviving sons and daughters are: Minnie Alitchak Gray, Clara Paaniikaaluk Lee, Homer Qaliaq Cleveland and Levi Anarraaq Cleveland.

## HAIL Working Committee

Andy Hope, Chairperson

Lolly Carpluk Virginia Ned

Bernice Tetpon Esther Ilutsik

Cecilia Martz

Marie Olson-Elder

Frank Hill

Bernadette Yaayuk Alvanna-Stimpfle

Yurrliq Nita Rearden Dorothy Larson

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# List of Sponsors

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Program layout and design by Paula Elmes Award plaques created by Ben Snowball and funded by Wells Fargo



Wells Fargo is pleased to help support this year's Celebrating Alaska's Indigenous Literature Awards.